INJURY. FELONY. G.S. 14-34.1(c).

General Criminal Volume

Replacement June 2011

The defendant has been charged with discharging a barreled weapon into an occupied dwelling¹ inflicting serious bodily injury.

For you to find the defendant guilty of this offense, the State must prove four things beyond a reasonable doubt:

<u>First</u>, that the defendant willfully or wantonly discharged a barreled weapon into a dwelling (without justification or excuse).² An act is willful or wanton when it is done intentionally with knowledge or a reasonable ground to believe that the act would endanger the rights or safety or others. A barreled weapon is a weapon capable of discharging shot, bullets, pellets, or other missiles at a muzzle velocity of at least 600 feet per second.

<u>Second</u>, that the dwelling was occupied by one or more persons at the time that the barreled weapon was discharged.

<u>Third</u>, that the defendant [knew] [had reasonable grounds to believe] that the dwelling was occupied by one or more persons.

And Fourth, that the defendant's action resulted in serious bodily injury³ to the victim.

Serious bodily injury is defined as bodily injury that creates or causes [a substantial risk of death]

[serious permanent disfigurement] [coma] [a permanent or protracted condition that causes extreme pain] [permanent or protracted loss or impairment of the functions of any bodily member or organ] [prolonged hospitalization].

If you find from the evidence beyond a reasonable doubt that on or about the alleged

¹ A dwelling house is a house that is inhabited, that is, a house that is the permanent, temporary, or seasonal residence of some person. A dwelling house is occupied when some person is physically present in the dwelling house at that time.

 $^{^{2}}$ The parenthetical phrase should be used only where there is evidence of justification or excuse, such as self-defense.

³ See N.C.P.I.—120.11.

N.C.P.I.—Criminal 208.90I

DISCHARGING A BARRELED WEAPON INTO OCCUPIED DWELLING INFLICTING SERIOUS BODILY

INJURY. FELONY. G.S. 14-34.1(c).

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date, the defendant willfully or wantonly and intentionally discharged a barreled weapon into a

dwelling (without justification or excuse), 4 while it was occupied by one or more persons, that

defendant [knew] [had reasonable grounds to believe] that it was occupied by one or more

persons, and that the defendant inflicted serious bodily injury, it would be your duty to return a

verdict of guilty. If you do not so find or have a reasonable doubt as to one or more of these

things, it would be your duty to return a verdict of not guilty.5

⁴ The parenthetical phrase should be used only where there is evidence of justification or excuse, such as selfdefense.

⁵ If there is to be instruction on lesser included offenses, the last phrase should be: "...you will not return a verdict of guilty of discharging a barreled weapon into an occupied dwelling inflicting serious bodily injury."